

### Chapter 8

Standardized Test Preparation

# Multiple Choice

- 7. Which of the following statements is true about the reaction  $2F_2 + 2H_2O \longrightarrow 4HF + O_2$ ?
  - **A.** Two grams of  $O_2$  are produced when 2 g  $F_2$  reacts with 2 g  $H_2O$ .
  - B. Two moles of HF are produced when 1 mol F<sub>2</sub> reacts with 1 mol H<sub>2</sub>O.
  - C. For every 2 mol O<sub>2</sub> produced, 6 mol HF are produced.
  - D. For every 1 mol H<sub>2</sub>O that reacts, 2 mol O<sub>2</sub> are produced.



### Chapter 8

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### **Short Answer**

Determine the products and write a balanced equation for the reaction of solid magnesium and water.

Mg+2H2O - Mg(OH)2+H2



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### Short Answer

 A precipitation of iron(III) hydroxide is produced by reacting an aqueous solution of iron(III) chloride with an aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide. Write a balanced chemical equation.



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# Extended Response

10. List the hypothetical metals A, E, M, and R in increasing order of reactivity by using the reaction data in the table below. The reaction of interest is of the form C + ZX → CX + Z. Explain your reasoning.

	AX	EX	MX	RX
A		no reaction	reaction	no reaction
E	reaction		reaction	reaction
M	no reaction	no reaction		no reaction
R	reaction	no reaction	reaction	



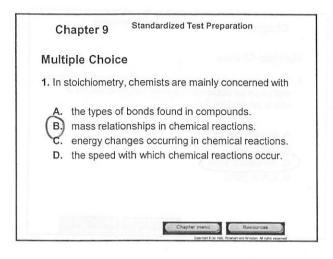
# Chapter 8

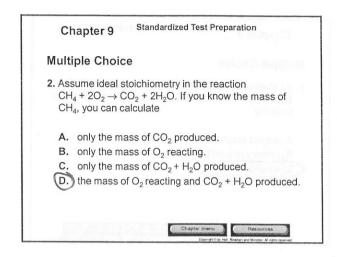
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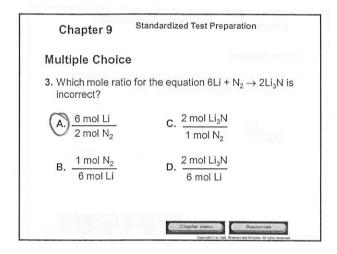
### **Extended Response**

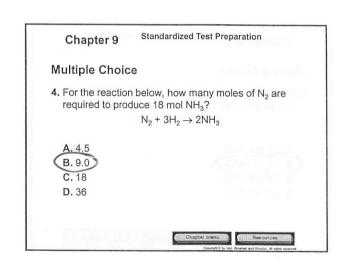
11. Calcium hypochlorite, Ca(OCI)<sub>2</sub>, is a bleaching agent produced from sodium hydroxide, calcium hydroxide, and chlorine. Sodium chloride and water are also produced in the reaction. Write the balanced chemical equation. If 2 mol NaOH react, how many moles of calcium hypochlorite can be produced?

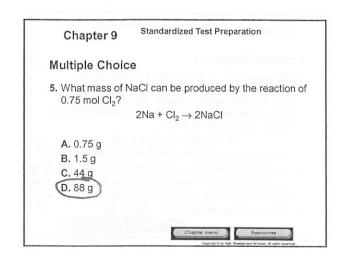


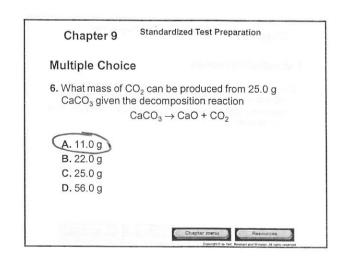


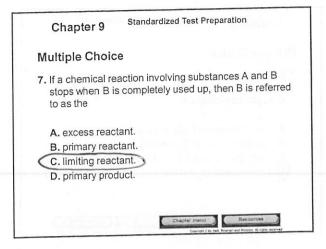


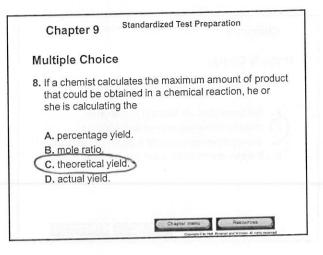


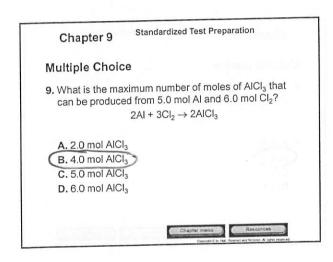


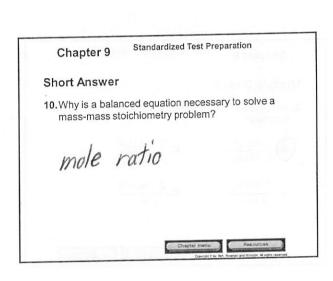


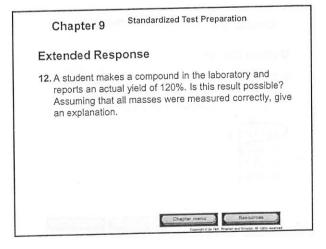


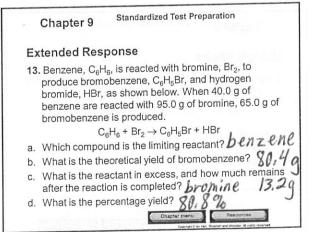


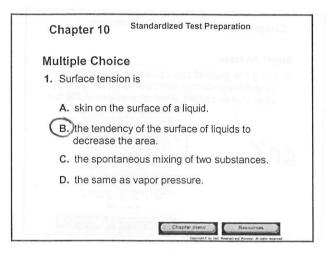


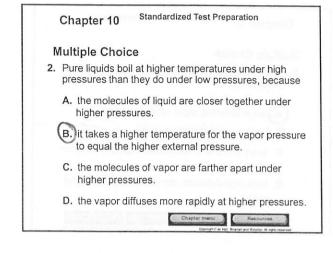


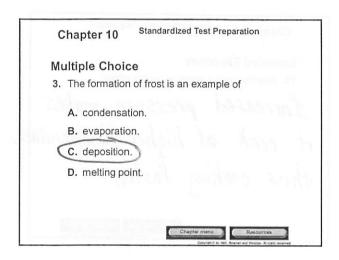


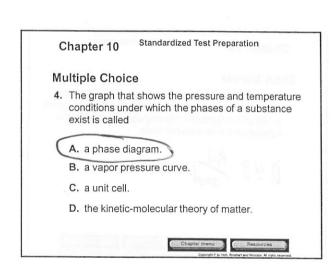


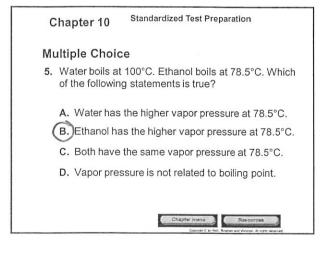


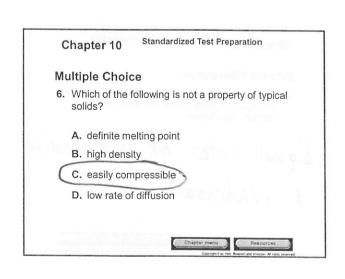


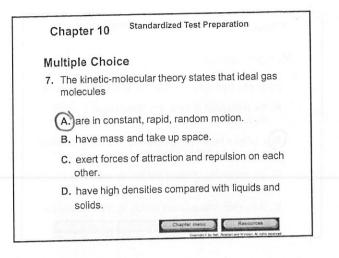


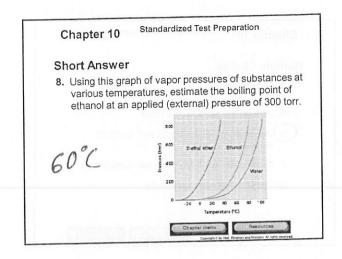


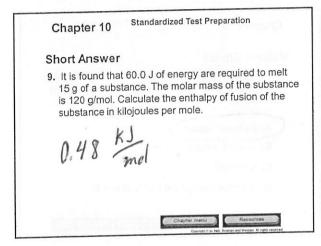


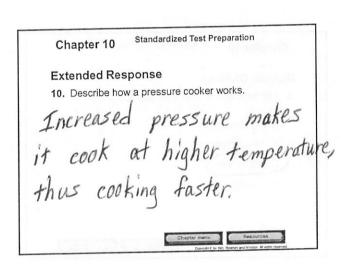


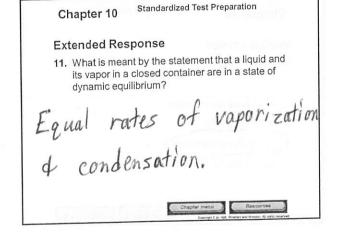


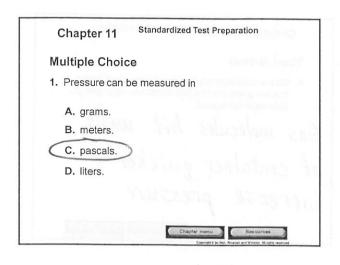


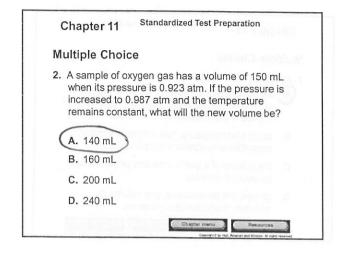


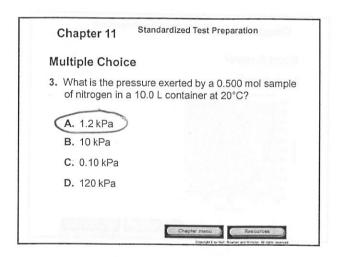


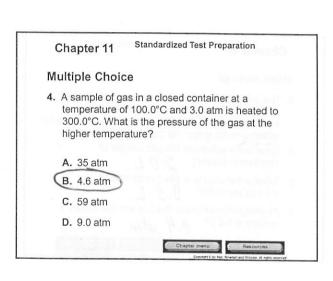




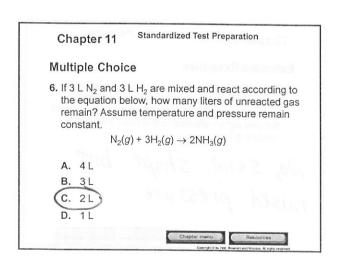








# Chapter 11 Standardized Test Preparation Multiple Choice 5. An unknown gas effuses twice as fast as CH<sub>4</sub>. What is the molar mass of the gas? A. 64 g/mol B. 32 g/mol C. 8 g/mol D. 4 g/mol



# Chapter 11

Standardized Test Preparation

# **Multiple Choice**

7. Avogadro's law states that

- (A.) equal numbers of moles of gases at the same conditions occupy equal volumes, regardless of the identity of the gases.
- B. at constant pressure, gas volume is directly proportional to absolute temperature.
- C. the volume of a gas is inversely proportional to its amount in moles.
- D. at constant temperature, gas volume is inversely proportional to pressure.



# Chapter 11

Standardized Test Preparation

# Short Answer

8. Give a molecular explanation for the observation that the pressure of a gas increases when the gas volume is decreased.

Gas molecules hit walls of container quicker & increase pressure.



### Chapter 11

Standardized Test Preparation

# Short Answer

- 9. The graph on the next slide shows a plot of volume versus pressure for a particular gas sample at constant pressure. Answer the following questions by referring to the graph. No calculation is necessary.
- a. What is the volume of this gas sample at
- standard pressure? 2.0 L

  b. What is the volume of this gas sample at 4.0 atm pressure? 0.5 L
- c. At what pressure would this gas sample occupy a volume of 5.0 L? 0.4 atm

# Standardized Test Preparation Chapter 11 Short Answer 9. continued 8.0 7,0 4.0 3.0 Protecte (atm)

# Chapter 11

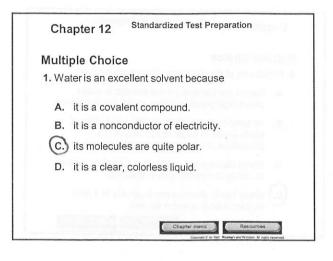
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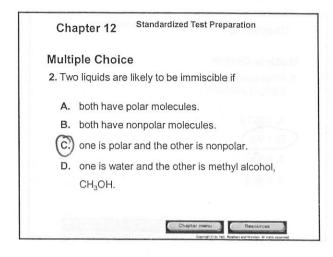
# **Extended Response**

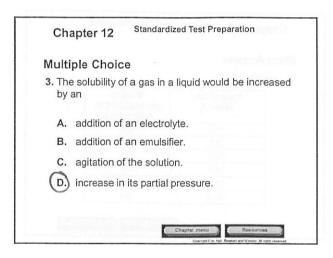
10. Refer to the plot in question 9. Suppose the same gas sample were heated to a higher temperature and a new graph of V versus P were plotted. Would the new plot be identical to this one? If not, how would it differ?

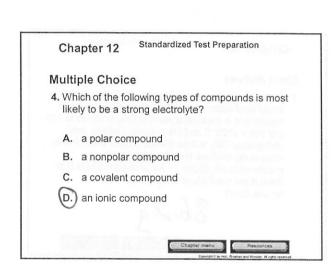
No, same shape but raised pressure.

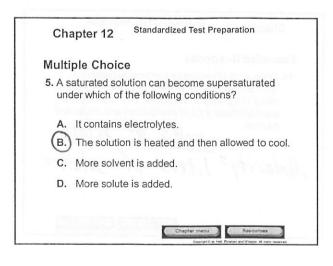


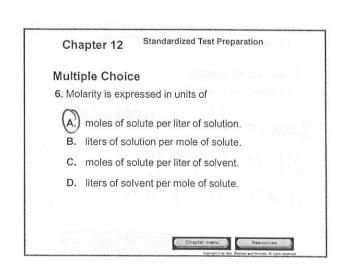


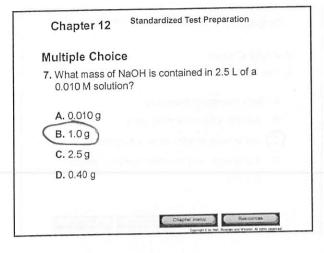














## Multiple Choice

- 8. Which one of the following statements is false?
  - A. Gases are generally more soluble in water under high pressures than under low pressures.
  - As temperature increases, the solubilities of some solids in water increase and the solubilities of other solids in water decrease.
  - C. Water dissolves many ionic solutes because of its ability to hydrate ions in solution.
- Many solids dissolve more quickly in a cold solvent than in a warm solvent.



## Chapter 12

Standardized Test Preparation

### Short Answer

9. Several experiments are carried out to determine the solubility of cadmium iodide, Cdl2, in water. In each experiment, a measured mass of CdI<sub>2</sub> is added to 100 g of water at 25°C and the mixture is stirred. Any undissolved CdI2 is then filtered off and dried, and its mass is determined. Results for several such experiments are shown in the table on the next slide. What is the solubility of Cdl<sub>2</sub> in water at this temperature?

# Chapter 12

Standardized Test Preparation

## Short Answer

9. continued

	Mass of Cdl <sub>2</sub> added, g	Mass of undissolved Cdl <sub>2</sub> recovered, g		
-	17.9	0.0		
	38.2	0.0		
	53.6	0.0		
	79.3	0.0		
	93.6	7.4		
	104.3	18.1		

# Chapter 12

Standardized Test Preparation

# Extended Response

10. Explain why oil and water do not mix.

Immiscible substances.
Oil is nonpolar.
Water is polar.

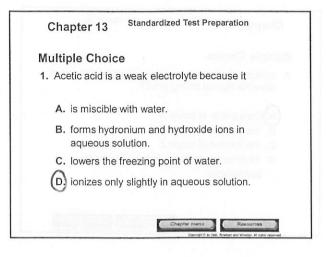
# Chapter 12

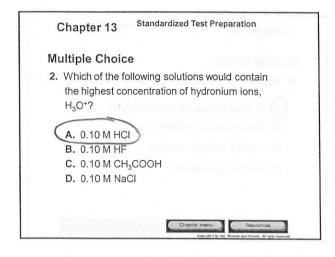
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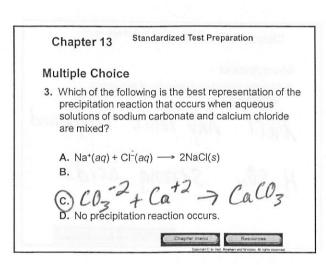
# Extended Response

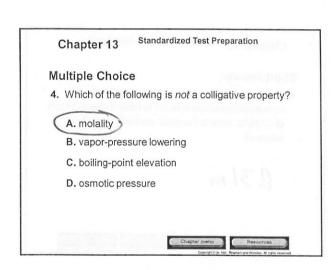
11. Write a set of instructions on how to prepare a solution that is 0.100 M KBr, using solid KBr (molar mass 119 g/mol) as the solute. Your instructions should include a list of all materials and equipment

Molarity = liters of solution

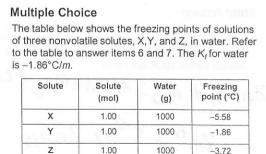








# Standardized Test Preparation Chapter 13 **Multiple Choice** 5. Solution A contains 0.1 mol of sucrose, C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>11</sub>, dissolved in 500 g of water. Solution B contains 0.1 mol of sodium chloride, NaCl, in 500 g of water. Which of the following statements about these solutions is true? A. Both solutions have the same vapor pressure. Solution A would boil at a higher temperature than solution B would. C.) Solution A would freeze at a higher temperature than solution B would. D. Both solutions would boil at the same temperature.



Chapter 13

Standardized Test Preparation

-3.72

# Chapter 13 Standardized Test Preparation

## Multiple Choice

- 6. Which of the following statements is not true?
- All three solutes are nonelectrolytes.
  - B. Solute X could be Ca(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>.
  - C. Solute Y could be sucrose.
  - D. Solute Z could be KCI.



# Chapter 13 Standardized Test Preparation

# Multiple Choice

- 7. Which of the solutions described in the table would have the highest boiling point?
  - A. the solution of solute X

    B. the solution of solute Y
  - C. the solution of solute Z
  - D. All three solutions would have the same boiling point.



# Chapter 13

Standardized Test Preparation

# Short Answer

8. An aqueous solution of an unknown quantity of a nonelectrolyte solute is found to have a freezing point of -0.58°C.What is the molal concentration of the solution?

0,31 m

Chapter menu Resources

# Chapter 13 Standardize

Standardized Test Preparation

## Short Answer

9. Give the names and formulas of two strong electrolytes.

Nacl Any ionic compound

H2SO4 Strong acids



# Chapter 13 Sta

Standardized Test Preparation

### **Short Answer**

10. Write the formula equation, the overall ionic equation, and the net ionic equation for the precipitation reaction that occurs when solutions of zinc chloride, ZnCl<sub>2</sub>, and sodium sulfide. Na<sub>2</sub>S, are mixed.

 $Z_n Cl_2 + Na_2 S \rightarrow 2NaCl_{(aq)} + ZnS_{(s)}$  $Z_n^{+2} + S^{-2} \rightarrow ZnS_{(s)}$ 



### Chapter 13

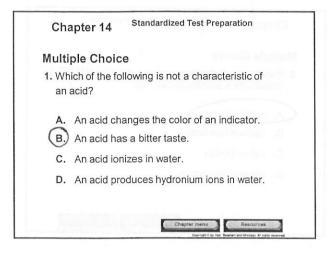
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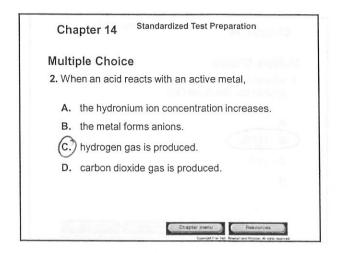
# Short Answer

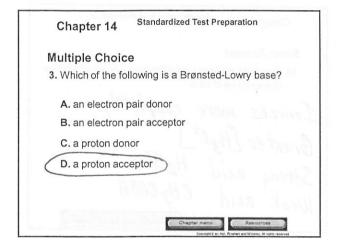
Distinguish between dissociation and ionization.
 Write one chemical equation to illustrate each of these terms.

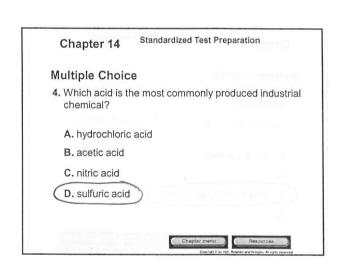
Dissociation
Cally 7 Cat2 + 2Cl

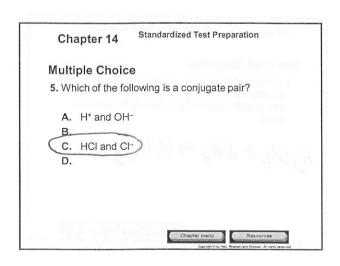
Ionization
H2504 + H20 7 H504 + H30+
H2504 + H20 Thapter The PRECURS

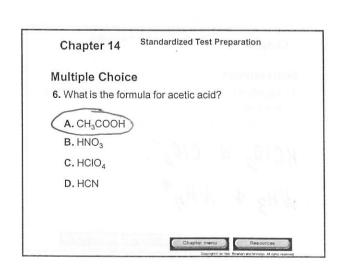


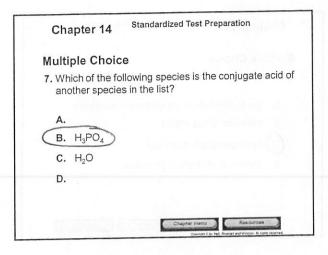


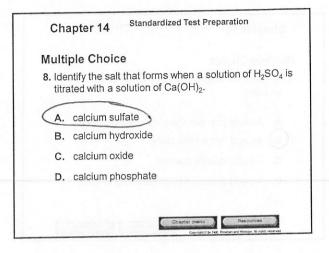


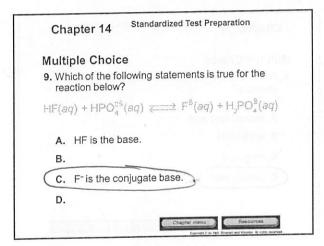


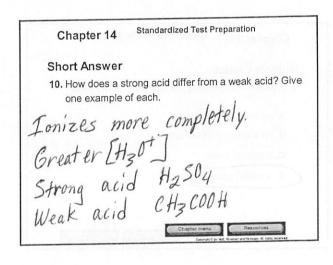


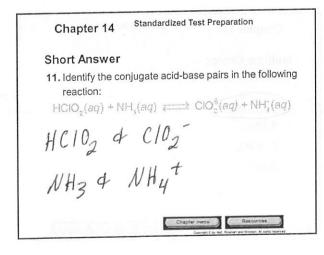


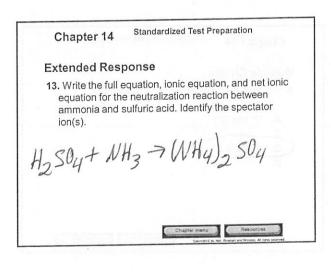


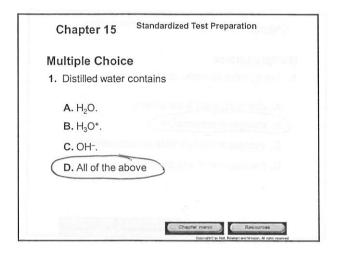


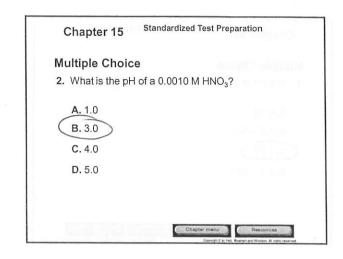


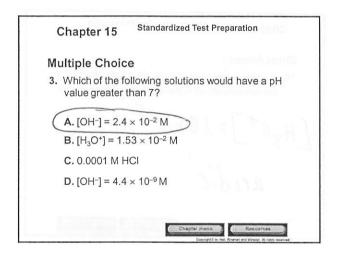


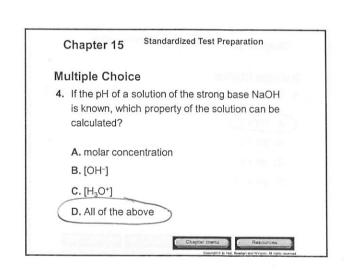


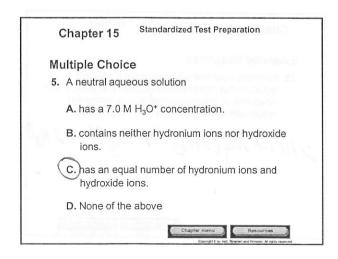


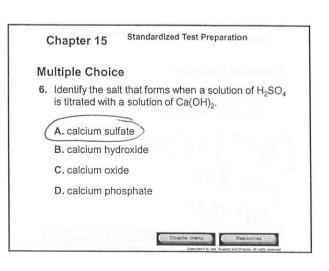












Chapter 15

Standardized Test Preparation

Multiple Choice
7. The pH of a solution is 6.32. What is the pOH?

A. 6.32
B.  $4.8 \times 10^{-7}$ C. 7.68D.  $2.1 \times 10^{-8}$ 

